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WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

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00190

Regular Session, 2004

ENROLLED

SENATE BILL NO. ____/(e/e

(By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, and Sprouse,) By Request of the Executive)

PASSED _____ February 5, 2004

In Effect 90 days from Passage

FILED

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CEFTICE MEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

ENROLLED

Senate Bill No. 166

(BY SENATORS TOMBLIN, MR. PRESIDENT, AND SPROUSE,

BY REQUEST OF THE EXECUTIVE)

[Passed February 5, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §8-11-1b; to amend and reenact §17B-4-3 of said code; to amend and reenact §17C-5-2, §17C-5-6a and §17C-5-8 of said code; to amend and reenact §17C-5A-1, §17C-5A-1a, §17C-5A-2 and §17C-5A-3a of said code; to amend and reenact §20-7-18 and §20-7-18b of said code; to amend and reenact §33-6A-1 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §50-3-2b; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §59-1-11a, all relating to driving a motor vehicle or operating a motorized vessel while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; limiting the prior offenses that can be used to enhance sentences to those that occurred within the ten-year period next preceding the date of arrest in the current proceeding; and imposing additional costs on defendants convicted of offenses involving the driving of a motor vehicle or operating a motorized vessel while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs for the use of counties and municipalities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §8-11-1b; that §17B-4-3 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §17C-5-2, §17C-5-6a and §17C-5-8 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §17C-5A-1, §17C-5A-1a, §17C-5A-2 and §17C-5A-3a of said code be amended and reenacted; that §20-7-18 and §20-7-18b of said code be amended and reenacted; that §33-6A-1 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §33-6A-1 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §50-3-2b; and that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §59-1-11a, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 11. POWERS AND DUTIES WITH RESPECT TO ORDINANCES AND ORDINANCE PROCEDURES.

§8-11-1b. Additional costs in certain criminal proceedings.

(a) In each criminal case before a mayor or in the 1 2 municipal court of a municipality in which the defendant 3 is convicted, whether by plea or at trial, under the provi-4 sions of a municipal ordinance which has the same ele-5 ments as an offense described in section two, article five, 6 chapter seventeen-c of this code or section eighteen-b, 7 article seven, chapter twenty of this code, there shall be imposed, in addition to other costs, fines, forfeitures or 8 penalties as may be allowed by law, costs in the amount of 9 10 fifty-five dollars. The clerk of each municipal court, or other person designated to receive fines and costs, shall, 11 for purposes of further defraying the cost to the munici-12 pality of enforcing the provisions of the ordinance or 13 14 ordinances described in this section and related provisions, deposit these moneys in the general revenue fund of the 15

16 municipality. The provisions of this section shall be17 effective after the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

CHAPTER 17B. MOTOR VEHICLE DRIVER'S LICENSES.

ARTICLE 4. VIOLATIONS OF LICENSE PROVISIONS.

§17B-4-3. Driving while license suspended or revoked; driving while license revoked for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or while having alcoholic concentration in the blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or for refusing to take secondary chemical test of blood alcohol contents.

1 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) or (d) 2 of this section, any person who drives a motor vehicle on 3 any public highway of this state at a time when his or her 4 privilege to do so has been lawfully suspended or revoked 5 by this state or any other jurisdiction is, for the first 6 offense, guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 7 thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars 8 nor more than five hundred dollars; for the second offense, 9 the person is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a county or regional jail for a 10 period of ten days and, in addition to the mandatory jail 11 sentence, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars 12 13 nor more than five hundred dollars; for the third or any subsequent offense, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor 14 15 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a county or regional jail for six months and, in addition to the 16 17 mandatory jail sentence, shall be fined not less than one hundred fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. 18 19

(b) Any person who drives a motor vehicle on any public
highway of this state at a time when his or her privilege to
do so has been lawfully revoked for driving under the
influence of alcohol, controlled substances or other drugs,
or for driving while having an alcoholic concentration in
his or her blood of eight hundredths of one percent or

25 more, by weight, or for refusing to take a secondary 26 chemical test of blood alcohol content, is, for the first 27 offense, guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 28 thereof, shall be confined in a county or regional jail for 29 six months and in addition to the mandatory jail sentence, 30 shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more 31 than five hundred dollars; for the second offense, the 32 person is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 33 thereof, shall be confined in a county or regional jail for a 34 period of one year and, in addition to the mandatory jail sentence, shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars 35 36 nor more than three thousand dollars; for the third or any 37 subsequent offense, the person is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state 38 39 correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than three years and, in addition to the mandatory prison 40 sentence, shall be fined not less than three thousand 41 dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. 42

43 (c) Upon receiving a record of the first or subsequent conviction of any person under subsection (b) of this 44 section upon a charge of driving a vehicle while the license 45 of such person was lawfully suspended or revoked, the 46 47 division shall extend the period of such suspension or revocation for an additional period of one year from and 48 after the date such person would otherwise have been 49 entitled to apply for a new license. Upon receiving a 50 record of the second or subsequent conviction of any 51 person under subsection (a) of this section upon a charge 52 of driving a vehicle while the license of such person was 53 54 lawfully suspended or revoked, the division shall extend 55 the period of such suspension or revocation for an addi-56 tional period of one year from and after the date such 57 person would otherwise have been entitled to apply for a new license. 58

(d) Any person who drives a motor vehicle on any public
highway of this state at a time when his or her privilege to
do so has been lawfully suspended for driving while under

the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration 62 in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or 63 more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one 64 65 percent, by weight, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a county or re-66 gional jail for twenty-four hours or shall be fined not less 67 68 than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or 69 both.

- 70 (e) An order for home detention by the court pursuant to
- 71 the provisions of article eleven-b, chapter sixty-two of this

72 code may be used as an alternative sentence to any period

73 of incarceration required by this section.

CHAPTER 17C. TRAFFIC REGULATIONS AND LAWS OF THE ROAD.

ARTICLE 5. SERIOUS TRAFFIC OFFENSES.

§17C-5-2. Driving under influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; penalties.

- 1 (a) Any person who:
- 2 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while he or she:
- 3 (A) Is under the influence of alcohol; or
- 4 (B) Is under the influence of any controlled substance; or
- 5 (C) Is under the influence of any other drug; or

6 (D) Is under the combined influence of alcohol and any7 controlled substance or any other drug; or

8 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 9 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight; and

(2) When so driving does any act forbidden by law or
fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the driving of
the vehicle, which act or failure proximately causes the
death of any person within one year next following the act
or failure; and

15 (3) Commits the act or failure in reckless disregard of the 16 safety of others, and when the influence of alcohol, 17 controlled substances or drugs is shown to be a contribut-18 ing cause to the death, is guilty of a felony and, upon 19 conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state correc-20 tional facility for not less than one nor more than ten years 21 and shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor 22 more than three thousand dollars. (b) Any person who: 23 24 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while he or she: 25 (A) Is under the influence of alcohol; or 26 (B) Is under the influence of any controlled substance; or 27 (C) Is under the influence of any other drug; or 28 (D) Is under the combined influence of alcohol and any 29 controlled substance or any other drug; or 30 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 31 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight; and 32 (2) When so driving does any act forbidden by law or 33 fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the driving of the vehicle, which act or failure proximately causes the 34 35 death of any person within one year next following the act 36 or failure, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 37 thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for 38 not less than ninety days nor more than one year and shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than 39 40 one thousand dollars. 41 (c) Any person who: 42 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while he or she:

- 43 (A) Is under the influence of alcohol; or
- 44 (B) Is under the influence of any controlled substance; or
- 45 (C) Is under the influence of any other drug; or

46 (D) Is under the combined influence of alcohol and any47 controlled substance or any other drug; or

48 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 49 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight; and

50 (2) When so driving does any act forbidden by law or fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the driving of 51 the vehicle, which act or failure proximately causes bodily 52 53 injury to any person other than himself or herself, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 54 confined in the county or regional jail for not less than one 55 56 day nor more than one year, which jail term is to include actual confinement of not less than twenty-four hours, and 57 shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more 58 than one thousand dollars. 59

- 60 (d) Any person who:
- 61 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while he or she:
- 62 (A) Is under the influence of alcohol; or
- 63 (B) Is under the influence of any controlled substance; or
- 64 (C) Is under the influence of any other drug; or

(D) Is under the combined influence of alcohol and anycontrolled substance or any other drug; or

67 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 68 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;

(2) Is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for
not less than one day nor more than six months, which jail
term is to include actual confinement of not less than
twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than one
hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.

(e) Any person who, being an habitual user of narcotic
drugs or amphetamine or any derivative thereof, drives a
vehicle in this state, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon

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conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or
regional jail for not less than one day nor more than six
months, which jail term is to include actual confinement
of not less than twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not
less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred
dollars.

84 (f) Any person who:

85 (1) Knowingly permits his or her vehicle to be driven in86 this state by any other person who:

87 (A) Is under the influence of alcohol; or

88 (B) Is under the influence of any controlled substance; or

89 (C) Is under the influence of any other drug; or

90 (D) Is under the combined influence of alcohol and any91 controlled substance or any other drug; or

92 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of93 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;

94 (2) Is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
95 thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for
96 not more than six months and shall be fined not less than
97 one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.

98 (g) Any person who knowingly permits his or her vehicle 99 to be driven in this state by any other person who is an habitual user of narcotic drugs or amphetamine or any 100 derivative thereof, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 101 102 conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or 103 regional jail for not more than six months and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five 104 105 hundred dollars.

(h) Any person under the age of twenty-one years who
drives a vehicle in this state while he or she has an alcohol
concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one
percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths

110 of one percent, by weight, for a first offense under this 111 subsection, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon convic-112 tion thereof, shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars. For a second 113 or subsequent offense under this subsection, the person is 114 115 guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for 116 twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than one 117 hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. A 118 119 person who is charged with a first offense under the 120 provisions of this subsection may move for a continuance 121 of the proceedings, from time to time, to allow the person to participate in the vehicle alcohol test and lock program 122 123 as provided for in section three-a, article five-a of this 124 chapter. Upon successful completion of the program, the 125 court shall dismiss the charge against the person and expunge the person's record as it relates to the alleged 126 127 offense. In the event the person fails to successfully 128 complete the program, the court shall proceed to an 129 adjudication of the alleged offense. A motion for a 130 continuance under this subsection may not be construed as 131 an admission or be used as evidence.

A person arrested and charged with an offense under the provisions of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of this section may not also be charged with an offense under this subsection arising out of the same transaction or occurrence.

- 137 (i) Any person who:
- 138 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while he or she:
- 139 (A) Is under the influence of alcohol; or
- 140 (B) Is under the influence of any controlled substance; or
- 141 (C) Is under the influence of any other drug; or
- 142 (D) Is under the combined influence of alcohol and any
- 143 controlled substance or any other drug; or

144 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 145 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight; and

146 (2) The person when so driving has on or within the 147 motor vehicle one or more other persons who are unemancipated minors who have not reached their six-148 149 teenth birthday, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 150 conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or 151 regional jail for not less than two days nor more than 152 twelve months, which jail term is to include actual confinement of not less than forty-eight hours, and shall be 153 154 fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than one 155 thousand dollars.

156 (j) A person violating any provision of subsection (b), (c), 157 (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of this section, for the second offense 158 under this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 159 conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for not less than six months nor more than 160 161 one year, and the court may, in its discretion, impose a fine 162 of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than three 163 thousand dollars.

164 (k) A person violating any provision of subsection (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of this section, for the third or any 165 166 subsequent offense under this section, is guilty of a felony 167 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a 168 state correctional facility for not less than one nor more 169 than three years, and the court may, in its discretion, impose a fine of not less than three thousand dollars nor 170 171 more than five thousand dollars.

(1) For purposes of subsections (j) and (k) of this section
relating to second, third and subsequent offenses, the
following types of convictions are to be regarded as
convictions under this section:

(1) Any conviction under the provisions of subsection (a),
(b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) of this section or under a prior enactment of this section for an offense which occurred within

179 the ten-year period immediately preceding the date of180 arrest in the current proceeding;

(2) Any conviction under a municipal ordinance of this
state or any other state or a statute of the United States or
of any other state of an offense which has the same
elements as an offense described in subsection (a), (b), (c),
(d), (e), (f) or (g) of this section, which offense occurred
within the ten-year period immediately preceding the date
of arrest in the current proceeding.

188 (m) A person may be charged in a warrant or indictment 189 or information for a second or subsequent offense under this section if the person has been previously arrested for 190 or charged with a violation of this section which is alleged 191 192 to have occurred within the applicable time period for 193 prior offenses, notwithstanding the fact that there has not been a final adjudication of the charges for the alleged 194 195 previous offense. In that case, the warrant or indictment 196 or information must set forth the date, location and particulars of the previous offense or offenses. No person 197 may be convicted of a second or subsequent offense under 198 this section unless the conviction for the previous offense 199 200 has become final.

(n) The fact that any person charged with a violation of
subsection (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) of this section, or any
person permitted to drive as described under subsection (f)
or (g) of this section, is or has been legally entitled to use
alcohol, a controlled substance or a drug does not constitute a defense against any charge of violating subsection
(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) or (g) of this section.

208 (o) For purposes of this section, the term "controlled
209 substance" has the meaning ascribed to it in chapter
210 sixty-a of this code.

(p) The sentences provided herein upon conviction for a
violation of this article are mandatory and may not be
subject to suspension or probation: *Provided*, That the

court may apply the provisions of article eleven-a, chapter 214 215 sixty-two of this code to a person sentenced or committed 216 to a term of one year or less. An order for home detention 217 by the court pursuant to the provisions of article eleven-b 218 of said chapter may be used as an alternative sentence to 219 any period of incarceration required by this section. An 220 order for supervision or participation in a community 221 corrections program created pursuant to article eleven-c, 222 chapter sixty-two of this code may be used as an alterna-223 tive sentence to any period of incarceration required by 224 this section.

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§17C-5-6a. Taking a child into custody; driving a motor vehicle with any amount of blood alcohol.

1 (a) A preliminary breath analysis may be administered 2 to a child whenever a law-enforcement official has reasonable cause to believe the child to have been driving a 3 motor vehicle with any amount of alcohol in his or her 4 5 blood for the purpose of determining the child's blood 6 alcohol content. Such breath analysis must be adminis-7 tered as soon as possible after the law-enforcement officer arrives at a reasonable belief that the child has been 8 9 driving a motor vehicle with any amount of alcohol in his 10 or her blood. Any preliminary breath analysis administered pursuant to this subsection must be administered 11 12 with a device and in a manner approved by the division of 13 health for that purpose. If a preliminary breath analysis is administered, the results shall be used solely for the 14 purpose of guiding the officer in deciding whether the 15 child, at the time of driving the motor vehicle, had an 16 alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hun-17 18 dredths of one percent or more, by weight, and should, therefore, be taken into custody to administer a secondary 19 20 test in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(b) A child may be taken into custody by a
law-enforcement official without a warrant or court order
if the official has reasonable grounds to believe the child
to have been driving a motor vehicle with any amount of

alcohol in his or her blood. If a preliminary breath 25 analysis is administered and the results of the analysis 26 27 indicate that the child has an alcohol concentration in his 28 or her blood of less than two hundredths of one percent, by weight, the child may not be taken into custody unless 29 other grounds exist under subsection (b), section eight, 30 31 article five, chapter forty-nine of this code. Upon taking 32 a child into custody pursuant to the provisions of this 33 section, the official shall take all reasonable steps to cause 34 notification to be made to the child's parent or custodian 35 or, if the parent or custodian cannot be located, to a close relative. 36

37 (c) Upon taking a child into custody pursuant to this 38 section, the official shall take the child to a facility where a secondary test of the child's blood or urine may be 39 40 administered at the direction of the official or a test of the child's breath may be administered by the official. The 41 42 law-enforcement agency by which such law-enforcement official is employed shall designate whether the secondary 43 44 test is a test of either blood, breath or urine: Provided, 45 That if the test so designated is a blood test and the child 46 refuses to submit to the blood test, then the law-enforce-47 ment official taking the child into custody shall designate in lieu thereof a breath test to be administered. Notwith-48 49 standing the provisions of section seven of this article, a refusal to submit to a blood test only shall not result in the 50 revocation of the child's license to operate a motor vehicle 51 52 in this state. Any child taken into custody pursuant to this section shall be given a written statement advising him or 53 54 her that a refusal to submit to a secondary test of either 55 blood, breath or urine, as finally designated by the law-enforcement agency or official in accordance with this 56 57 subsection, will result in the suspension of his or her 58 license to operate a motor vehicle in this state for a period 59 of at least thirty days or a revocation of the license for a 60 period up to life.

61 (d) If the law-enforcement official taking the child into 62 custody is employed by a law-enforcement agency which 63 does not have available the testing equipment or facilities 64 necessary to conduct any secondary breath test which may 65 be administered pursuant to the provisions of this section, 66 then the official who took the child into custody may 67 request another qualified person to administer a secondary 68 breath test: Provided, That the breath test shall be administered in the presence of the official who took the child 69 70 into custody. The results of such breath test may be used 71 in evidence to the same extent and in the same manner as if such test had been conducted by the law-enforcement 72 73 official who took the child into custody. The qualified 74 person administering the breath test must be a member of 75 the West Virginia state police, the sheriff of the county 76 wherein the child was taken into custody or any deputy of 77 such sheriff or a law-enforcement official of another municipality within the county wherein the child was 78 79 taken into custody. Only the person actually administer-80 ing the secondary breath test is competent to testify as to 81 the results and the veracity of the test. If the secondary 82 test is a blood test, the test shall be conducted in accor-83 dance with the provisions of section six of this article.

14

84 (e) After taking the child into custody, if the law-enforcement official has reasonable cause to believe 85 that the act of the child in driving the motor vehicle is 86 87 such that it would provide grounds for arrest for an 88 offense defined under the provisions of section two of this 89 article if the child were an adult, then the official shall 90 proceed to treat the child in the same manner as any other 91 child taken into custody without a warrant or court order, 92 in accordance with the provisions of section eight of this 93 article.

94 (f) If the results of any secondary test administered
95 pursuant to this section indicate that the child, at the time
96 of driving the motor vehicle, had an alcohol concentration
97 in his or her blood of eight hundredths of one percent or

98 less, by weight, and if the law-enforcement official does not have reasonable cause to believe that the act of the 99 child in driving the motor vehicle is such that it would 100 provide grounds for arrest for an offense defined under the 101 provisions of section two of this article if the child were an 102 103 adult, then the official shall release the child: Provided, That if the results of any secondary test administered 104 pursuant to this section indicate that the child, at the time 105 of driving the motor vehicle, had an alcohol concentration 106 in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or 107 108 more, by weight, the child shall only be released to a parent or custodian, or to some other responsible adult. 109

§17C-5-8. Interpretation and use of chemical test.

(a) Upon trial for the offense of driving a motor vehicle 1 in this state while under the influence of alcohol. con-2 trolled substances or drugs, or upon the trial of any civil or 3 4 criminal action arising out of acts alleged to have been committed by any person driving a motor vehicle while 5 6 under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or 7 drugs, evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's blood at the time of the arrest or of the acts alleged, as 8 9 shown by a chemical analysis of his or her blood, breath or urine, is admissible, if the sample or specimen was taken 10 within two hours from and after the time of arrest or of the 11 12 acts alleged. The evidence gives rise to the following 13 presumptions or has the following effect:

(1) Evidence that there was, at that time, five hundredths
of one percent or less, by weight, of alcohol in his or her
blood, is prima facie evidence that the person was not
under the influence of alcohol;

(2) Evidence that there was, at that time, more than five
hundredths of one percent and less than eight hundredths
of one percent, by weight, of alcohol in the person's blood
is relevant evidence, but it is not to be given prima facie
effect in indicating whether the person was under the
influence of alcohol;

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24 (3) Evidence that there was, at that time, eight hun-

25 dredths of one percent or more, by weight, of alcohol in his

26 or her blood, shall be admitted as prima facie evidence

27 that the person was under the influence of alcohol.

(b) A determination of the percent, by weight, of alcoholin the blood shall be based upon a formula of:

30 (1) The number of grams of alcohol per one hundred31 cubic centimeters of blood;

32 (2) The number of grams of alcohol per two hundred ten33 liters of breath;

34 (3) The number of grams of alcohol per sixty-seven35 milliliters of urine; or

36 (4) The number of grams of alcohol per eighty-six37 milliliters of serum.

38 (c) A chemical analysis of a person's blood, breath or urine, in order to give rise to the presumptions or to have 39 the effect provided for in subsection (a) of this section, 40 must be performed in accordance with methods and 41 standards approved by the state division of health. A 42 chemical analysis of blood or urine to determine the 43 alcoholic content of blood shall be conducted by a quali-44 fied laboratory or by the state police scientific laboratory 45 46 of the criminal identification bureau of the West Virginia 47 state police.

(d) The provisions of this article do not limit the introduction in any administrative or judicial proceeding of any
other competent evidence bearing on the question of
whether the person was under the influence of alcohol,
controlled substances or drugs.

ARTICLE 5A. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES FOR SUSPENSION AND

ARTICLE 5A. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES FOR SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF LICENSES FOR DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL, CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES OR DRUGS.

§17C-5A-1. Implied consent to administrative procedure; revocation for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or refusal to submit to secondary chemical test.

(a) Any person who is licensed to operate a motor vehicle 1 in this state and who drives a motor vehicle in this state 2 3 shall be deemed to have given his or her consent by the operation thereof, subject to the provisions of this article, 4 to the procedure set forth in this article for the determina-5 6 tion of whether his or her license to operate a motor 7 vehicle in this state should be revoked because he or she did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of 8 alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or combined 9 10 influence of alcohol or controlled substances or drugs, or 11 did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in his or her blood of eight hundredths of 12 one percent or more, by weight, or did refuse to submit to 13 14 any designated secondary chemical test, or did drive a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years 15 with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two 16 hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less 17 than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight. 18

19 (b) Any law-enforcement officer arresting a person for an offense described in section two, article five of this 20 chapter or for an offense described in a municipal ordi-21 22 nance which has the same elements as an offense described in said section shall report to the commissioner of the 23 24 division of motor vehicles by written statement within 25 forty-eight hours the name and address of the person so 26 arrested. The report shall include the specific offense with 27 which the person is charged and, if applicable, a copy of the results of any secondary tests of blood, breath or urine. 28 29 The signing of the statement required to be signed by this 30 subsection shall constitute an oath or affirmation by the person signing the statement that the statements contained 31 32 therein are true and that any copy filed is a true copy. The 33 statement shall contain upon its face a warning to the

34 officer signing that to willfully sign a statement containing

35 false information concerning any matter or thing, material

36 or not material, is false swearing and is a misdemeanor.

37 (c) If, upon examination of the written statement of the 38 officer and the tests results described in subsection (b) of 39 this section, the commissioner shall determine that a person was arrested for an offense described in section 40 41 two, article five of this chapter or for an offense described 42 in a municipal ordinance which has the same elements as 43 an offense described in said section and that the results of 44 any secondary test or tests indicate that at the time the 45 test or tests were administered the person had, in his or her blood, an alcohol concentration of eight hundredths of one 46 47 percent or more, by weight, or at the time the person was 48 arrested he or she was under the influence of alcohol, 49 controlled substances or drugs, the commissioner shall 50 make and enter an order revoking the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state. If the results of the 51 52 tests indicate that at the time the test or tests were admin-53 istered the person was under the age of twenty-one years and had an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 54 55 two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less 56 than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, the commissioner shall make and enter an order suspending 57 58 the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state. 59 A copy of the order shall be forwarded to the person by 60 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and 61 shall contain the reasons for the revocation or suspension 62 and describe the applicable revocation or suspension 63 periods provided for in section two of this article. No 64 revocation or suspension shall become effective until ten 65 days after receipt of a copy of the order.

(d) Any law-enforcement officer taking a child into
custody under the provisions of section six-a, article five
of this chapter who has reasonable cause to believe that
the child, at the time of driving the motor vehicle, had an
alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hun-

71 dredths of one percent or more, by weight, or that the act 72 of the child in driving the motor vehicle was such that it 73 would provide grounds for arrest for an offense defined 74 under the provisions of section two of said article if the 75 child were an adult, shall report to the commissioner of the 76 division of motor vehicles by written statement within 77 forty-eight hours the name and address of the child.

(e) If applicable, the report shall include a description of 78 79 the specific offense with which the child could have been 80 charged if the child were an adult, and a copy of the results of any secondary tests of blood, breath or urine. 81 82 The signing of the statement required to be signed by this 83 subsection shall constitute an oath or affirmation by the person signing such statement that the statements con-84 85 tained therein are true and that any copy filed is a true copy. Such statement shall contain upon its face a warn-86 ing to the officer signing that to willfully sign a statement 87 containing false information concerning any matter or 88 thing, material or not material, is false swearing and is a 89 90 misdemeanor.

91 (f) Upon examination of the written statement of the 92 officer and any test results described in subsection (d) of 93 this section, if the commissioner determines that the 94 results of the tests indicate that at the time the test or tests were administered the child had, in his or her blood, an 95 alcohol concentration of two hundredths of one percent or 96 97 more, by weight, but also determines that the act of the 98 child in driving the motor vehicle was not such that it 99 would provide grounds for arrest for an offense defined under the provisions of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) or 100 101 (g), section two, article five of this chapter if the child were 102 an adult, the commissioner shall make and enter an order suspending the child's license to operate a motor vehicle in 103 104 this state. If the commissioner determines that the act of 105 the child in driving the motor vehicle was such that it 106 would provide grounds for arrest for an offense defined under the provisions of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) or 107

108 (g) of said section if the child were an adult, the commis-

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sioner shall make and enter an order revoking the child'slicense to operate a motor vehicle in this state. A copy of

111 such order shall be forwarded to the child by registered or

112 certified mail, return receipt requested, and shall contain

113 the reasons for the suspension or revocation and describe

114 the applicable suspension or revocation periods provided

115 for in section two of this article. No suspension or revoca-

116 tion shall become effective until ten days after receipt of

117 a copy of such order.

§17C-5A-1a. Revocation upon conviction for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs.

(a) If a person is convicted for an offense defined in 1 2 section two, article five of this chapter or for an offense 3 described in a municipal ordinance which has the same elements as an offense described in said section because 4 the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the 5 influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or the 6 combined influence of alcohol or controlled substances or 7 8 drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an 9 alcoholic concentration in his or her blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or did drive a 10 11 motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two 12 hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less 13 14 than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, and if the person does not act to appeal the conviction within the 15 time periods described in subsection (b) of this section, the 16 17 person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state shall be revoked or suspended in accordance with the 18 19 provisions of this section.

(b) The clerk of the court in which a person is convicted
for an offense described in section two, article five of this
chapter or for an offense described in a municipal ordi-

23 nance which has the same elements as an offense described

24 in said section shall forward to the commissioner a tran-

25 script of the judgment of conviction. If the conviction is 26 the judgment of a magistrate court, the magistrate court 27 clerk shall forward the transcript when the person convicted has not requested an appeal within twenty days of 28 29 the sentencing for such conviction. If the conviction is the judgment of a mayor or police court judge or municipal 30 31 court judge, the clerk or recorder shall forward the transcript when the person convicted has not perfected an 32 appeal within ten days from and after the date upon which 33 34 the sentence is imposed. If the conviction is the judgment of a circuit court, the circuit clerk shall forward the 35 36 transcript when the person convicted has not filed a notice of intent to file a petition for appeal or writ of error within 37 38 thirty days after the judgment was entered.

39 (c) If, upon examination of the transcript of the judg-40 ment of conviction, the commissioner shall determine that 41 the person was convicted for an offense described in 42 section two, article five of this chapter or for an offense 43 described in a municipal ordinance which has the same 44 elements as an offense described in said section because 45 the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or the 46 47 combined influence of alcohol or controlled substances or 48 drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in his or her blood of eight hun-49 dredths of one percent or more, by weight, the commis-50 51 sioner shall make and enter an order revoking the person's 52 license to operate a motor vehicle in this state. If the 53 commissioner determines that the person was convicted of 54 driving a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one 55 years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 56 two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less 57 than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, the 58 commissioner shall make and enter an order suspending 59 the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state. 60 The order shall contain the reasons for the revocation or 61 suspension and the revocation or suspension periods 62 provided for in section two of this article. Further, the

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63 order shall give the procedures for requesting a hearing 64 which is to be held in accordance with the provisions of 65 said section. The person shall be advised in the order that because of the receipt of a transcript of the judgment of 66 67 conviction by the commissioner a presumption exists that the person named in the transcript of the judgment of 68 conviction is the personnamed in the commissioner's order 69 70 and such constitutes sufficient evidence to support revocation or suspension and that the sole purpose for the 71 72 hearing held under this section is for the person requesting 73 the hearing to present evidence that he or she is not the 74 person named in the transcript of the judgment of convic-75 tion. A copy of the order shall be forwarded to the person by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. 76 77 No revocation or suspension shall become effective until ten days after receipt of a copy of the order. 78

(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply if an
order reinstating the operator's license of the person has
been entered by the commissioner prior to the receipt of
the transcript of the judgment of conviction.

(e) For the purposes of this section, a person is convicted
when the person enters a plea of guilty or is found guilty
by a court or jury.

§17C-5A-2. Hearing; revocation; review.

1 (a) Upon the written request of a person whose license to 2 operate a motor vehicle in this state has been revoked or 3 suspended under the provisions of section one of this article or section seven, article five of this chapter, the 4 commissioner of the division of motor vehicles shall stay 5 6 the imposition of the period of revocation or suspension 7 and afford the person an opportunity to be heard. The 8 written request must be filed with the commissioner in person or by registered or certified mail, return receipt 9 requested, within thirty calendar days after receipt of a 10 11 copy of the order of revocation or suspension or no hearing 12 will be granted. The hearing shall be before the commis-

13 sioner or a hearing examiner retained by the commissioner 14 who shall rule on evidentiary issues and submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law for the consider-15 16 ation of the commissioner and all of the pertinent provi-17 sions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall apply. The hearing shall be held at an office of the 18 19 division located in or near the county wherein the arrest was made in this state or at some other suitable place in 20 21 the county wherein the arrest was made if an office of the 22 division is not available.

23 (b) Any such hearing shall be held within one hundred 24 eighty days after the date upon which the commissioner 25 received the timely written request therefor unless there is a postponement or continuance. The commissioner may 26 postpone or continue any hearing on the commissioner's 27 28 own motion or upon application for each person for good 29 cause shown. The commissioner shall adopt and imple-30 ment by a procedural rule written policies governing the 31 postponement or continuance of any such hearing on the 32 commissioner's own motion or for the benefit of any 33 law-enforcement officer or any person requesting the hearing, and such policies shall be enforced and applied to 34 35 all parties equally. For the purpose of conducting the 36 hearing, the commissioner shall have the power and 37 authority to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum 38 in accordance with the provisions of section one, article 39 five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: Provided, That 40 the notice of hearing to the appropriate law-enforcement 41 officers by registered or certified mail, return receipt 42 requested, shall constitute a subpoena to appear at the 43 hearing without the necessity of payment of fees by the division of motor vehicles. 44

(c) Law-enforcement officers shall be compensated for
the time expended in their travel and appearance before
the commissioner by the law-enforcement agency by
whom they are employed at their regular rate if they are
scheduled to be on duty during said time or at their

regular overtime rate if they are scheduled to be off dutyduring said time.

52 (d) The principal question at the hearing shall be 53 whether the person did drive a motor vehicle while under 54 the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concen-55 56 tration in the person's blood of eight hundredths of one 57 percent or more, by weight, or did refuse to submit to the designated secondary chemical test, or did drive a motor 58 59 vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hun-60 61 dredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than 62 eight hundredths of one percent, by weight.

63 The commissioner may propose a legislative rule in 64 compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter 65 twenty-nine-a of this code, which rule may provide that if 66 a person accused of driving a motor vehicle while under 67 the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or 68 accused of driving a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 69 concentration in the person's blood of eight hundredths of 70 one percent or more, by weight, or accused of driving a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years 71 72 with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two 73 hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less 74 than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, intends 75 to challenge the results of any secondary chemical test of 76 blood, breath or urine, or intends to cross-examine the individual or individuals who administered the test or 77 78 performed the chemical analysis, the person shall, within an appropriate period of time prior to the hearing, notify 79 the commissioner in writing of such intention. The rule 80 may provide that when there is a failure to comply with 81 the notice requirement, the results of the secondary test, if 82 83 any, shall be admissible as though the person and the commissioner had stipulated the admissibility of such 84 evidence. Any such rule shall provide that the rule shall 85 86 not be invoked in the case of a person who is not repre87 sented by counsel unless the communication from the 88 commissioner to the person establishing a time and place 89 for the hearing also informed the person of the consequences of the person's failure to timely notify the com-90 missioner of the person's intention to challenge the results 91 92 of the secondary chemical test or cross-examine the individual or individuals who administered the test or 93 94 performed the chemical analysis.

95 (e) In the case of a hearing wherein a person is accused 96 of driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of 97 alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or accused of 98 driving a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentra-99 tion in the person's blood of eight hundredths of one 100 percent or more, by weight, or accused of driving a motor 101 vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an 102 alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hun-103 dredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than 104 eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, the commis-105 sioner shall make specific findings as to: (1) Whether the 106 arresting law-enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person to have been driving while under the 107 influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or 108 109 while having an alcohol concentration in the person's 110 blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or to have been driving a motor vehicle while 111 112 under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concen-113 tration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths 114 115 of one percent, by weight; (2) whether the person was lawfully placed under arrest for an offense involving 116 117 driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or was lawfully taken into custody for 118 119 the purpose of administering a secondary test; and (3) 120 whether the tests, if any, were administered in accordance 121 with the provisions of this article and article five of this 122 chapter.

123 (f) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, con-124 125 trolled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle 126 while having an alcohol concentration in the person's 127 blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by 128 weight, or did drive a motor vehicle while under the age of 129 twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or 130 her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by 131 weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by 132 weight, the commissioner also finds by a preponderance of 133 the evidence that the person when so driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by 134 135 law, which act or failure proximately caused the death of a person and was committed in reckless disregard of the 136 safety of others, and if the commissioner further finds that 137 138 the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs or 139 the alcohol concentration in the blood was a contributing 140 cause to the death, the commissioner shall revoke the 141 person's license for a period of ten years: Provided, That if 142 the commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the 143 person's license under the provisions of this section or 144 section one of this article within the ten years immediately 145 preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall 146 be for the life of the person.

147 (g) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive 148 a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, 149 controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor 150 vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the 151 person's blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, 152by weight, the commissioner also finds by a preponderance 153 of the evidence that the person when so driving did an act 154 forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by 155 law, which act or failure proximately caused the death of 156 a person, the commissioner shall revoke the person's 157 license for a period of five years: Provided, That if the 158 commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the 159 person's license under the provisions of this section or 160 section one of this article within the ten years immediately 161 preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall162 be for the life of the person.

163 (h) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive 164 a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor 165 vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the 166 person's blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, 167 by weight, the commissioner also finds by a preponderance 168 169 of the evidence that the person when so driving did an act 170 forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately caused bodily injury 171 to a person other than himself or herself, the commissioner 172 173 shall revoke the person's license for a period of two years: 174 Provided, That if the commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the person's license under the provi-175 sions of this section or section one of this article within the 176 177 ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be ten years: Provided, however, 178 179 That if the commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the person's license more than once under the 180 provisions of this section or section one of this article 181 182 within the ten years immediately preceding the date of 183 arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the 184 person.

185 (i) If the commissioner finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person did drive a motor vehicle while 186 under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or 187 188 drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of eight hundredths of 189 one percent or more, by weight, or finds that the person, 190 191 being an habitual user of narcotic drugs or amphetamine 192 or any derivative thereof, did drive a motor vehicle, or 193 finds that the person knowingly permitted the person's 194 vehicle to be driven by another person who was under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or 195 196 knowingly permitted the person's vehicle to be driven by 197 another person who had an alcohol concentration in his or

198 her blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by 199 weight, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license 200 for a period of six months: Provided, That if the commis-201 sioner has previously suspended or revoked the person's 202 license under the provisions of this section or section one 203 of this article within the ten years immediately preceding 204 the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be ten 205 years: Provided, however, That if the commissioner has 206 previously suspended or revoked the person's license more 207 than once under the provisions of this section or section 208 one of this article within the ten years immediately 209 preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall 210 be for the life of the person.

211 (j) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a 212 motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years 213with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less 214 than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, the 215 216 commissioner also finds by a preponderance of the evi-217 dence that the person when so driving did an act forbidden 218 by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by law, which 219 act or failure proximately caused the death of a person, 220 and if the commissioner further finds that the alcohol 221 concentration in the blood was a contributing cause to the 222 death, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license 223 for a period of five years: Provided, That if the commis-224 sioner has previously suspended or revoked the person's 225 license under the provisions of this section or section one 226 of this article within the ten years immediately preceding 227 the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the 228 life of the person.

(k) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive
a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years
with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two
hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less
than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, the
commissioner also finds by a preponderance of the evi-

235 dence that the person when so driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by law, which 236 237 act or failure proximately caused bodily injury to a person other than himself or herself, and if the commissioner 238 further finds that the alcohol concentration in the blood 239 240 was a contributing cause to the bodily injury, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a period of two 241 vears: *Provided*. That if the commissioner has previously 242 suspended or revoked the person's license under the 243 provisions of this section or section one of this article 244 245 within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be ten years: Pro-246 vided, however, That if the commissioner has previously 247 248 suspended or revoked the person's license more than once under the provisions of this section or section one of this 249 article within the ten years immediately preceding the date 250 of arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of 251 252 the person.

253 (1) If the commissioner finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person did drive a motor vehicle while 254 under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concen-255 256 tration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths 257 of one percent, by weight, the commissioner shall suspend 258 259 the person's license for a period of sixty days: Provided, That if the commissioner has previously suspended or 260 revoked the person's license under the provisions of this 261 262 section or section one of this article, the period of revoca-263 tion shall be for one year, or until the person's twenty-first 264 birthday, whichever period is longer.

(m) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the commissioner also finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person when so driving did have

272 on or within the motor vehicle another person who has not 273 reached his or her sixteenth birthday, the commissioner 274 shall revoke the person's license for a period of one year: Provided, That if the commissioner has previously sus-275276 pended or revoked the person's license under the provi-277 sions of this section or section one of this article within the 278 ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be ten years: *Provided*, however, 279 That if the commissioner has previously suspended or 280 281 revoked the person's license more than once under the 282 provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of 283 284 arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the 285 person.

(n) For purposes of this section, where reference is made
to previous suspensions or revocations under this section,
the following types of criminal convictions or administrative suspensions or revocations shall also be regarded as
suspensions or revocations under this section or section
one of this article:

(1) Any administrative revocation under the provisions
of the prior enactment of this section for conduct which
occurred within the ten years immediately preceding the
date of arrest.

(2) Any suspension or revocation on the basis of a
conviction under a municipal ordinance of another state or
a statute of the United States or of any other state of an
offense which has the same elements as an offense described in section two, article five of this chapter, for
conduct which occurred within the ten years immediately
preceding the date of arrest.

303 (3) Any revocation under the provisions of section seven,
article five of this chapter, for conduct which occurred
within the ten years immediately preceding the date of
arrest.

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307 (o) In the case of a hearing wherein a person is accused 308 of refusing to submit to a designated secondary test, the commissioner shall make specific findings as to: (1) 309 310 Whether the arresting law-enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving 311 312 a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; (2) whether the 313 person was lawfully placed under arrest for an offense 314 315 relating to driving a motor vehicle in this state while under 316 the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; (3) 317 whether the person refused to submit to the secondary test 318 finally designated in the manner provided in section four, article five of this chapter; and (4) whether the person had 319 been given a written statement advising the person that 320 the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state 321 322 would be revoked for at least one year and up to life if the 323 person refused to submit to the test finally designated in 324 the manner provided in said section.

325 (p) If the commissioner finds by a preponderance of the 326 evidence that: (1) The arresting law-enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been 327 328 driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the 329 influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; (2) the person was lawfully placed under arrest for an offense 330 331 relating to driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; (3) 332 333 the person refused to submit to the secondary chemical 334 test finally designated; and (4) the person had been given a written statement advising the person that the person's 335 336 license to operate a motor vehicle in this state would be 337 revoked for a period of at least one year and up to life if the person refused to submit to the test finally designated, 338 339 the commissioner shall revoke the person's license to 340 operate a motor vehicle in this state for the periods 341 specified in section seven, article five of this chapter. The 342 revocation period prescribed in this subsection shall run 343 concurrently with any other revocation period ordered

under this section or section one of this article arising outof the same occurrence.

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(q) If the commissioner finds to the contrary with respect
to the above issues, the commissioner shall rescind his or
her earlier order of revocation or shall reduce the order of
revocation to the appropriate period of revocation under
this section or section seven, article five of this chapter.

A copy of the commissioner's order made and entered following the hearing shall be served upon the person by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. During the pendency of any such hearing, the revocation of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state shall be stayed.

357 If the commissioner shall after hearing make and enter an order affirming the commissioner's earlier order of 358 359 revocation, the person shall be entitled to judicial review as set forth in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The 360 commissioner may not stay enforcement of the order. The 361 court may grant a stay or supersede as of the order only 362 363 upon motion and hearing, and a finding by the court upon 364 the evidence presented, that there is a substantial probability that the appellant shall prevail upon the merits, and 365 366 the appellant will suffer irreparable harm if the order is 367 not stayed: Provided, That in no event shall the stay or 368 supersede as of the order exceed one hundred fifty days. 369 Notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article five 370 of said chapter, the commissioner may not be compelled to transmit a certified copy of the transcript of the hearing to 371 372 the circuit court in less than sixty days.

(r) In any revocation or suspension pursuant to this
section, if the driver whose license is revoked or suspended
had not reached the driver's eighteenth birthday at the
time of the conduct for which the license is revoked or
suspended, the driver's license shall be revoked or suspended until the driver's eighteenth birthday or the

applicable statutory period of revocation or suspensionprescribed by this section, whichever is longer.

(s) Funds for this section's hearing and appeal process
may be provided from the drunk driving prevention fund,
as created by section forty-one, article two, chapter fifteen
of this code, upon application for such funds to the
commission on drunk driving prevention.

§17C-5A-3a. Establishment of and participation in the motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program.

1 (a) The division of motor vehicles shall control and 2 regulate a motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program for 3 persons whose licenses have been revoked pursuant to this 4 article or the provisions of article five of this chapter. Such program shall include the establishment of a users' 5 6 fee for persons participating in the program which shall be paid in advance and deposited into the driver's rehabilita-7 tion fund. Except where specified otherwise, the use of the 8 9 term "program" in this section refers to the motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program. The commissioner of the 10 division of motor vehicles shall propose legislative rules 11 12 for promulgation in accordance with the provisions of 13 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the purpose of 14 implementing the provisions of this section. Such rules shall also prescribe those requirements which, in addition 15 to the requirements specified by this section for eligibility 16 to participate in the program, the commissioner deter-17 mines must be met to obtain the commissioner's approval 18 19 to operate a motor vehicle equipped with a motor vehicle alcohol test and lock system. For purposes of this section, 20 a "motor vehicle alcohol test and lock system" means a 21 22 mechanical or computerized system which, in the opinion 23 of the commissioner, prevents the operation of a motor 24 vehicle when, through the system's assessment of the blood 25 alcohol content of the person operating or attempting to 26 operate the vehicle, such person is determined to be under the influence of alcohol. 27

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(b) (1) Any person whose license has been revoked 28 29 pursuant to this article or the provisions of article five of this chapter is eligible to participate in the program when 30 31 such person's minimum revocation period as specified by subsection (c) of this section has expired and such person 32 is enrolled in or has successfully completed the safety and 33 34 treatment program or presents proof to the commissioner 35 within sixty days of receiving approval to participate by the commissioner that he or she is enrolled in a safety and 36 treatment program: Provided, That no person whose 37 38 license has been revoked pursuant to the provisions of 39 section one-a of this article for conviction of an offense defined in subsection (a) or (b), section two, article five of 40 41 this chapter, or pursuant to the provisions of subsection (f) or (g), section two of this article, shall be eligible for 42 43 participation in the program: Provided, however, That any 44 person whose license is revoked pursuant to this article or pursuant to article five of this chapter for an act which 45 46 occurred either while participating in or after successfully 47 completing the program shall not again be eligible to 48 participate in such program.

49 (2) Any person whose license has been suspended pursu-50 ant to the provisions of subsection (l), section two of this article for driving a motor vehicle while under the age of 51 twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or 52 her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by 53 weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by 54 55 weight, is eligible to participate in the program after thirty days have elapsed from the date of the initial suspension, 56 during which time the suspension was actually in effect: 57 58 Provided, That in the case of a person under the age of eighteen, the person shall be eligible to participate in the 59 60 program after thirty days have elapsed from the date of 61 the initial suspension, during which time the suspension 62 was actually in effect, or after the person's eighteenth birthday, whichever is later. Before the commissioner 63 approves a person to operate a motor vehicle equipped 64 65 with a motor vehicle alcohol test and lock system, the

66 person must agree to thereafter comply with the following67 conditions:

(A) If not already enrolled, the person will enroll in and
complete the educational program provided for in subsection (c), section three of this article at the earliest time that
placement in the educational program is available, unless
good cause is demonstrated to the commissioner as to why
placement should be postponed;

74 (B) The person will pay all costs of the educational75 program, any administrative costs and all costs assessed76 for any suspension hearing.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section to the
contrary, no person eligible to participate in the program
shall operate a motor vehicle unless approved to do so by
the commissioner.

81 (c) For purposes of this section, "minimum revocation
82 period" means the portion which has actually expired of
83 the period of revocation imposed by the commissioner
84 pursuant to this article or the provisions of article five of
85 this chapter upon a person eligible for participation in the
86 program as follows:

87 (1) For a person whose license has been revoked for a first offense for six months pursuant to the provisions of 88 section one-a of this article for conviction of an offense 89 90 defined in section two, article five of this chapter, or pursuant to subsection (i), section two of this article, the 91 minimum period of revocation before such person is 92 93 eligible for participation in the test and lock program is 94 thirty days, and the minimum period for the use of the 95 ignition interlock device is five months, or that period 96 described in subdivision (1), subsection (e) of this section, 97 whichever period is greater;

98 (2) For a person whose license has been revoked for a
99 first offense pursuant to section seven, article five of this
100 chapter, refusal to submit to a designated secondary

(P).

101 chemical test, the minimum period of revocation before
102 such person is eligible for participation in the test and lock
103 program is thirty days, and the minimum period for the
104 use of the ignition interlock device is nine months, or the
105 period set forth in subdivision (1), subsection (e) of this
106 section, whichever period is greater;

107 (3) For a person whose license has been revoked for a 108 second offense pursuant to the provisions of section one-a 109 of this article for conviction of an offense defined in 110 section two, article five of this chapter, or pursuant to 111 section two of this article, the minimum period of revoca-112 tion before such person is eligible for participation in the test and lock program is nine months, and the minimum 113 114 period for the use of the ignition interlock device is 115 eighteen months, or that period set forth in subdivision (2). 116 subsection (e) of this section, whichever period is greater;

117 (4) For a person whose license has been revoked for any 118 other period of time pursuant to the provisions of section 119 one-a of this article for conviction of an offense defined in 120 section two, article five of this chapter, or pursuant to 121section two of this article or pursuant to section seven, 122 article five of this chapter, the minimum period of revocation is eighteen months, and the minimum period for the 123 124 use of the ignition interlock device is two years, or that period set forth in subdivision (3), subsection (e) of this 125 126 section, whichever period is greater;

(5) An applicant for the test and lock program must not
have been convicted of any violation of section three,
article four, chapter seventeen-b of this code, for driving
while the applicant's driver's license was suspended or
revoked, within the two-year period preceding the date of
application for admission to the test and lock program;

(6) The commissioner is hereby authorized to allow
individuals in the test and lock program an additional
device or devices if such is necessary for employment
purposes.

(d) Upon permitting an eligible person to participate in
the program, the commissioner shall issue to such person,
and such person shall be required to exhibit on demand, a
driver's license which shall reflect that such person is
restricted to the operation of a motor vehicle which is
equipped with an approved motor vehicle alcohol test and
lock system.

(e) Any person who has completed the safety and treatment program and who has not violated the terms required
by the commissioner of such person's participation in the
motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program shall be
entitled to the restoration of such person's driver's license
upon the expiration of:

(1) One hundred eighty days of the full revocation period
imposed by the commissioner for a person described in
subdivision (1) or (2), subsection (c) of this section;

(2) The full revocation period imposed by the commissioner for a person described in subdivision (3), subsection
(c) of this section;

(3) One year from the date a person described in subdivision (4), subsection (c) of this section is permitted to
operate a motor vehicle by the commissioner.

159 (f) A person whose license has been suspended pursuant 160 to the provisions of subsection (l), section two of this article who has completed the educational program, and 161 who has not violated the terms required by the commis-162 sioner of such person's participation in the motor vehicle 163 164 alcohol test and lock program shall be entitled to the 165 reinstatement of his or her driver's license six months from 166 the date the person is permitted to operate a motor vehicle 167 by the commissioner. When a license has been reinstated pursuant to this subsection, the records ordering the 168 suspension, records of any administrative hearing, records 169 170 of any blood alcohol test results and all other records 171 pertaining to the suspension shall be expunged by opera-

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172 tion of law: Provided, That a person shall be entitled to 173 expungement under the provisions of this subsection only 174 once. The expungement shall be accomplished by physi-175 cally marking the records to show that such records have 176 been expunged and by securely sealing and filing the records. Expungement shall have the legal effect as if the 177 suspension never occurred. The records shall not be 178 179 disclosed or made available for inspection and, in response 180 to a request for record information, the commissioner shall 181 reply that no information is available. Information from the file may be used by the commissioner for research and 182 statistical purposes so long as the use of such information 183 184 does not divulge the identity of the person.

185 (g) In addition to any other penalty imposed by this code, any person who operates a motor vehicle not equipped 186 187 with an approved motor vehicle alcohol test and lock 188 system during such person's participation in the motor 189 vehicle alcohol test and lock program is guilty of a misde-190 meanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in 191 the county or regional jail for a period not less than one 192 month nor more than six months and fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. 193 194 Any person who assists another person required by the 195 terms of such other person's participation in the motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program to use a motor 196 197 vehicle alcohol test and lock system in any effort to bypass the system is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 198 thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail not 199 200 more than six months and fined not less than one hundred 201 dollars nor more than one thousand dollars: Provided. 202 That notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 203 contrary, a person enrolled and participating in the test 204 and lock program may operate a motor vehicle solely at his 205 or her job site if such is a condition of his or her employ-206 ment.

CHAPTER 20. NATURAL RESOURCES.

ARTICLE 7. LAW ENFORCEMENT, MOTOR BOATING, LITTER.

§20-7-18. Care in handling watercraft; duty to render aid after a collision, accident or casualty accident reports.

(a) No person shall operate a motorboat, jet ski or other
 motorized vessel or manipulate any water skis, surfboard
 or similar device in a reckless or negligent manner so as to
 endanger the life, limb or property of any person.

5 (b) No person shall operate any motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel, or manipulate any water skis, 6 surfboard or similar device while under the influence of 7 8 alcohol or a controlled substance or drug, under the combined influence of alcohol and any controlled sub-9 stance or any other drug, or while having an alcohol 10 11 concentration in his or her blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight. 12

13 (c) It shall be the duty of the operator of a vessel in-14 volved in a collision, accident or other casualty, so far as he or she can do so without serious danger to his or her 15 own vessel, crew and passengers (if any), to render to other 16 17 persons affected by the collision, accident or other casualty such assistance as may be practicable and as may be 18 necessary in order to save them from or minimize any 19 20 danger caused by the collision, accident or other casualty, and also to give his or her name, address and identification 21 22 of his or her vessel in writing to any person injured and to 23 the owner of any property damaged in the collision, 24 accident or other casualty.

25 (d) The operator of a vessel involved in a collision, 26 accident or other casualty shall file an accident report 27 with the director if the incident results in a loss of life, in 28 a personal injury that requires medical treatment beyond first aid or in excess of five hundred dollars damage to a 29 30 vessel or other property. The report shall be made on such 31 forms and contain information as prescribed by the 32 director. Upon a request duly made by an authorized 33 official or agency of the United States, any information 34 compiled or otherwise available to the director pursuant to this subsection shall be transmitted to the official oragency.

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§20-7-18b. Operating under influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; penalties.

1 (a) Any person who:

2 (1) Operates a motorboat, jet ski or other motorized3 vessel in this state while:

4 (A) He or she is under the influence of alcohol; or

5 (B) He or she is under the influence of any controlled 6 substance; or

7 (C) He or she is under the influence of any other drug; or

8 (D) He or she is under the combined influence of alcohol9 and any controlled substance or any other drug; or

(E) He or she has an alcohol concentration in his or her
blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by
weight; and

(2) When so operating does any act forbidden by law or
fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the operating
of the motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel, which
act or failure proximately causes the death of any person
within one year next following the act or failure; and

18 (3) Commits the act or failure in reckless disregard of the 19 safety of others, and when the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs is shown to be a contribut-20 ing cause to the death, is guilty of a felony and, upon 21 conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the state correc-22 23 tional facility for not less than one nor more than ten years and shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor 24 more than three thousand dollars. 25

26 (b) Any person who:

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27 (1) Operates a motorboat, jet ski or other motorized28 vessel in this state while:

29 (A) He or she is under the influence of alcohol; or

30 (B) He or she is under the influence of any controlled31 substance; or

32 (C) He or she is under the influence of any other drug; or

33 (D) He or she is under the combined influence of alcohol34 and any controlled substance or any other drug; or

(E) He or she has an alcohol concentration in his or her
blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by
weight; and

38 (2) When so operating does any act forbidden by law or fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the operating 39 40 of the motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel, which act or failure proximately causes the death of any person 41 42 within one year next following the act or failure, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 43 confined in the county or regional jail for not less than 44 ninety days nor more than one year and shall be fined not 45 less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand 46 dollars. 47

48 (c) Any person who:

49 (1) Operates a motorboat, jet ski or other motorized50 vessel in this state while:

51 (A) He or she is under the influence of alcohol; or

52 (B) He or she is under the influence of any controlled53 substance; or

54 (C) He or she is under the influence of any other drug; or

55 (D) He or she is under the combined influence of alcohol56 and any controlled substance or any other drug; or

57 (E) He or she has an alcohol concentration in his or her
58 blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by
59 weight; and

60 (2) When so operating does any act forbidden by law or fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the operating 61 of the motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel, which 62 63 act or failure proximately causes bodily injury to any person other than himself or herself, is guilty of a misde-64 65 meanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in 66 the county or regional jail for not less than one day nor more than one year, which jail term shall include actual 67 68 confinement of not less than twenty-four hours, and shall 69 be fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars. 70

71 (d) Any person who:

72 (1) Operates a motorboat, jet ski or other motorized73 vessel in this state while:

74 (A) He or she is under the influence of alcohol; or

(B) He or she is under the influence of any controlledsubstance; or

77 (C) He or she is under the influence of any other drug; or

78 (D) He or she is under the combined influence of alcohol79 and any controlled substance or any other drug; or

80 (E) He or she has an alcohol concentration in his or her
81 blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by
82 weight;

(2) Is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for
not less than one day nor more than six months, which jail
term shall include actual confinement of not less than
twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than one
hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.

(e) Any person who, being an habitual user of narcotic 89 90 drugs or amphetamine or any derivative thereof, operates 91 a motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel in this state, 92 is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for not less 93 than one day nor more than six months, which jail term 94 95 shall include actual confinement of not less than 96 twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. 97

98 (f) Any person who:

99 (1) Knowingly permits his or her motorboat, jet ski or
100 other motorized vessel to be operated in this state by any
101 other person who is:

102 (A) Under the influence of alcohol; or

103 (B) Under the influence of any controlled substance; or

104 (C) Under the influence of any other drug; or

(D) Under the combined influence of alcohol and anycontrolled substance or any other drug; or

107 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of108 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;

(2) Is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for
not more than six months and shall be fined not less than
one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.

113 (g) Any person who: Knowingly permits his or her motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel to be operated 114 in this state by any other person who is an habitual user of 115 116 narcotic drugs or amphetamine or any derivative thereof, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, 117 shall be confined in the county or regional jail for not more 118 than six months and shall be fined not less than one 119 120 hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.

121 (h) Any person under the age of twenty-one years who 122 operates a motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel in this state while he or she has an alcohol concentration in 123 124 his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, 125 by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, 126 by weight, shall, for a first offense under this subsection, 127 be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, 128 shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more 129 than one hundred dollars. For a second or subsequent offense under this subsection, such person is guilty of a 130 131 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 132 confined in the county or regional jail for twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars 133 134 nor more than five hundred dollars.

44

A person arrested and charged with an offense under the provisions of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of this section may not also be charged with an offense under this subsection arising out of the same transaction or occurrence.

140 (i) Any person who:

141 (1) Operates a motorboat, jet ski or other motorized142 vessel in this state while:

143 (A) He or she is under the influence of alcohol; or

(B) He or she is under the influence of any controlledsubstance; or

146 (C) He or she is under the influence of any other drug; or

(D) He or she is under the combined influence of alcoholand any controlled substance or any other drug; or

(E) He or she has an alcohol concentration in his or herblood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, byweight; and

152 (2) The person when so operating has on or within the 153 motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel one or more

other persons who are unemancipated minors who have 154 not reached their sixteenth birthday, shall be guilty of a 155 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 156 confined in the county or regional jail for notless than two 157 158 days nor more than twelve months, which jail term shall 159 include actual confinement of not less than forty-eight 160 hours, and shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars. 161

162 (j) A person violating any provision of subsection (b), (c), 163 (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of this section, for the second offense 164 under this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or 165 166 regional jail for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year, and the court may, in its discretion, 167 impose a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor 168 more than three thousand dollars. 169

170 (k) A person violating any provision of subsection (b), (c), 171 (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of this section shall, for the third or 172 any subsequent offense under this section, be guilty of a 173 felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in 174 a state correctional facility for not less than one nor more 175 than three years, and the court may, in its discretion, 176 impose a fine of not less than three thousand dollars nor 177 more than five thousand dollars.

(1) For purposes of subsections (j) and (k) of this section
relating to second, third and subsequent offenses, the
following types of convictions shall be regarded as convictions under this section:

(1) Any conviction under the provisions of subsection (a),
(b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) of this section for an offense which
occurred on or after the effective date of this section;

(2) Any conviction under the provisions of subsection (a)
or (b) of this section for an offense which occurred within
a period of five years immediately preceding the date of
the offense; and

(3) Any conviction under a municipal ordinance of this
state or any other state or a statute of the United States or
of any other state of an offense which has the same
elements as an offense described in subsection (a), (b), (c),
(d), (e), (f) or (g) of this section, which offense occurred
after the effective date of this section.

195 (m) A person may be charged in a warrant or indictment 196 or information for a second or subsequent offense under 197 this section if the person has been previously arrested for 198 or charged with a violation of this section which is alleged 199 to have occurred within the applicable time periods for 200 prior offenses, notwithstanding the fact that there has not 201 been a final adjudication of the charges for the alleged 202 previous offense. The warrant or indictment or informa-203 tion shall set forth the date, location and particulars of the 204 previous offense or offenses. No person may be convicted 205 of a second or subsequent offense under this section unless 206 the conviction for the previous offense has become final.

(n) The fact that any person charged with a violation of
subsection (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) of this section, or any
person permitted to operate as described under subsection
(f) or (g) of this section, is or has been legally entitled to
use alcohol, a controlled substance or a drug shall not
constitute a defense against any charge of violating
subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) or (g) of this section.

(o) For purposes of this section, the term "controlled
substance" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in chapter
sixty-a of this code.

(p) The sentences provided herein upon conviction for a
violation of this article are mandatory and may not be
subject to suspension or probation: *Provided*, That the
court may apply the provisions of article eleven-a, chapter
sixty-two of this code to a person sentenced or committed
to a term of one year or less. An order for home detention
by the court pursuant to the provisions of article eleven-b

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of said chapter may be used as an alternative sentence toany period of incarceration required by this section.

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

ARTICLE 6A. CANCELLATION OR NONRENEWAL OF AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY POLICIES.

§33-6A-1. Cancellation prohibited except for specified reasons; notice.

1 No insurer once having issued or delivered a policy 2 providing automobile liability insurance for a private 3 passenger automobile may, after the policy has been in 4 effect for sixty days, or in case of renewal effective 5 immediately, issue or cause to issue a notice of cancella-6 tion during the term of the policy except for one or more 7 of the reasons specified in this section:

8 (a) The named insured fails to make payments of pre9 mium for the policy or any installment of the premium
10 when due;

(b) The policy is obtained through material misrepresen-tation;

13 (c) The insured violates any of the material terms and14 conditions of the policy;

(d) The named insured or any other operator, either
residing in the same household or who customarily operates an automobile insured under the policy:

18 (1) Has had his or her operator's license suspended or 19 revoked during the policy period including suspension or revocation for failure to comply with the provisions of 20 21 article five-a, chapter seventeen-c of this code, regarding consent for a chemical test for intoxication: Provided, 22 23 That when a license is suspended for sixty days by the 24 commissioner of the division of motor vehicles because a person drove a motor vehicle while under the age of 25 26 twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or

27 her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by

28 weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by

29 weight, pursuant to subsection (l), section two of said 30

article, the suspension shall not be grounds for cancella-

31 tion; or

32 (2) Is or becomes subject to epilepsy or heart attacks and 33 the individual cannot produce a certificate from a physi-34 cian testifying to his or her ability to operate a motor vehicle: 35

36 (e) The named insured or any other operator, either 37 residing in the same household or who customarily oper-38 ates an automobile insured under such policy, is convicted 39 of or forfeits bail during the policy period for any of the 40 following reasons:

41 (1) Any felony or assault involving the use of a motor 42 vehicle:

43 (2) Negligent homicide arising out of the operation of a 44 motor vehicle;

45 (3) Operating a motor vehicle while under the influence 46 of alcohol or of any controlled substance or while having an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of eight 47 48 hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;

49 (4) Leaving the scene of a motor vehicle accident in 50 which the insured is involved without reporting it as 51 required by law;

52 (5) Theft of a motor vehicle or the unlawful taking of a 53 motor vehicle;

54 (6) Making false statements in an application for a motor 55 vehicle operator's license;

56 (7) Three or more moving traffic violations committed 57 within a period of twelve months, each of which results in three or more points being assessed on the driver's record 58 59 by the division of motor vehicles, whether or not the

insurer renewed the policy without knowledge of all such
violations. Notice of any cancellation made pursuant to
this subsection shall be mailed to the named insured either
during the current policy period or during the first full
policy period following the date that the third moving
traffic violation is recorded by the division of motor
vehicles.

67 Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section to 68 the contrary, no insurer may cancel a policy of automobile liability insurance without first giving the insured thirty 69 days' notice of its intention to cancel: Provided, That 70 71 cancellation of the insurance policy by the insurer for 72 failure of consideration to be paid by the insured upon 73 initial issuance of the insurance policy is effective upon 74 the expiration of ten days' notice of cancellation to the insured. 75

CHAPTER 50. MAGISTRATE COURTS.

ARTICLE 3. COSTS, FINES AND RECORDS.

§50-3-2b. Additional costs in certain criminal proceedings.

1 In each criminal case before a magistrate court in which 2 the defendant is convicted, whether by plea or at trial, 3 under the provisions of section two, article five, chapter 4 seventeen-c of this code or section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter twenty of this code, there shall be imposed, 5 6 in addition to other costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties as 7 may be allowed by law, costs in the amount of fifty-five dollars. A magistrate court shall, on or before the tenth 8 9 day of the month following the month in which the costs 10 imposed in this section were collected, remit an amount equal to the amount from each of the criminal proceedings 11 12 in which the costs specified in this section were collected 13 to the magistrate court clerk or, if there is no magistrate court clerk, to the clerk of the circuit, together with 14 15 information as may be required by the rules of the su-16 preme court of appeals and the rules of the office of chief

17 inspector. At the end of each month, for purposes of further defraying the cost to the county of enforcing the 18 19 provisions of section two, article five, chapter seventeen-c of this code or section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter 20 twenty of this code and related provisions, these moneys 21 22 shall be paid to the sheriff of the county and deposited in 23 the general revenue fund of the county. The provisions of 24 this section shall be effective after the thirtieth day of 25 June, two thousand four.

CHAPTER 59. FEES, ALLOWANCES AND COSTS; NEWSPAPERS; LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ARTICLE 1. FEES AND ALLOWANCES.

§59-1-11a. Additional costs in certain criminal proceedings.

(a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this 1 2 section, in each criminal case before a circuit court in 3 which the defendant is convicted, whether by plea or at 4 trial, under the provisions of section two, article five, 5 chapter seventeen-c of this code or section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter twenty of this code, there shall be 6 7 imposed, in addition to other costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties as may be allowed by law, costs in the amount of 8 fifty-five dollars. For purposes of further defraying the 9 cost to the county of enforcing the provisions of section 10 two, article five, chapter seventeen-c of this code or 11 12 section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter twenty of this code and related provisions, the clerk of the circuit court 13 shall, on or before the tenth day of the month following the 14 15 month in which the costs imposed in this section were collected, remit an amount equal to the amount from each 16 of the criminal proceedings in which the costs specified in 17 18 this subsection were collected to the sheriff of the county who shall deposit the same in the general revenue fund of 19 20 the county.

(b) In each criminal case before a circuit court uponappeal from a magistrate court in which the defendant is

23 convicted, whether by plea or at trial in the circuit court, 24 under the provisions of section two, article five, chapter 25 seventeen-c of this code or section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter twenty of this code, there shall be imposed, 26 in addition to other costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties as 27 28 may be allowed by law, costs in the amount of fifty-five 29 dollars. For purposes of further defraying the cost to the county of enforcing the provisions of section two, article 30 31 five, chapter seventeen-c of this code or section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter twenty of this code and related 32 33 provisions, the clerk of the circuit court shall, on or before the tenth day of the month following the month in which 34 35 the costs imposed in this section were collected, remit an 36 amount equal to the amount from each of the criminal proceedings in which the costs specified in this subsection 37 38 were collected to the sheriff of the county who shall 39 deposit the same in the general revenue fund of the county. The provisions of this subsection shall not require payment 40 41 of the costs imposed by this subsection to the circuit court 42 where the costs have been paid in the magistrate court.

43 (c) In each criminal case before a circuit court upon 44 appeal from a municipal proceeding in which the defen-45 dant is convicted, whether by plea or at trial in the circuit court, under the provisions of a municipal ordinance 46 which has the same elements as an offense described in 47 48 section two, article five, chapter seventeen-c of this code 49 or section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter twenty of this 50 code, there shall be imposed, in addition to other costs, 51 fines, forfeitures or penalties as may be allowed by law, 52 costs in the amount of fifty-five dollars. For purposes of 53 further defraying the cost to the municipality of enforcing 54 the provisions of the ordinance or ordinances described in 55 this subsection and related provisions, the clerk of the circuit court shall, on or before the tenth day of the month 56 57 following the month in which the costs imposed in this section were collected, remit an amount equal to the 58 59 amount from each of the criminal proceedings in which the 60 costs specified in this subsection were collected to the

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61 clerk of the municipal court or other person designated to 62 receive fines and costs for the municipality from which the 63 conviction was appealed who shall deposit these moneys 64 in the general revenue fund of the municipality. The 65 provisions of this subsection shall not require payment of 66 the costs imposed by this subsection to the circuit court 67 where the costs have been paid to the clerk of the munici-68 pal court or other person designated to receive fines and 69 costs for the municipality.

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70 (d) The provisions of this section shall be effective after71 the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

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53 [Enr. S. B. No. 166

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

Sugar h. S. Clerk of the House of Delegates

Tomulu President of the Senate

Speaker House of Delegates

The within <u>ls appine</u> 1. this the 16t Day of Governor

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